

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

**Exam 1**  
**Physics 3, Mar 1, 2019**

Some direction:

No phones or other device that connects to the internet.

You may use a calculator, and I would prefer you to plug in numerical answers and keep three sig figs regardless of the correct number of sig figs in the problem.

**Present clear and complete answers:**

Explain your answers clearly but briefly. You want to aim for a level of solution that someone taking this class would be able to understand. A diagram and a few words may help.

Start calculations with first principles: things like definitions ( $\vec{E} \equiv \frac{\vec{F}}{Q}$ ) or empirical laws (like Coulomb's Law or Newton's Laws) or conservation laws.

**Check time:**

The point values for each problem are shown next to the question number. Time yourself accordingly. The total value of the exam is 100 points. **Good luck!**

**Some constants:**

$$K = k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2 \approx 9 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C/N/m}^2$$

$$e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

**Helpful Equations:**

$$F = |\vec{F}| = k \frac{|qQ|}{r^2} \quad \vec{F} = k \frac{qQ}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

$$\vec{E} \equiv \frac{\vec{F}}{Q}$$

$$E = |\vec{E}| = k \frac{|q|}{r^2} \quad \vec{E} = k \frac{q}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

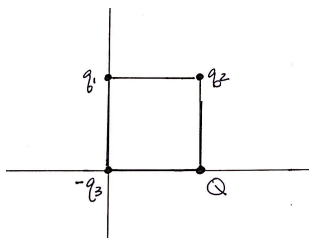
$$dq = \lambda dl$$

$$dq = \sigma da = \eta da$$

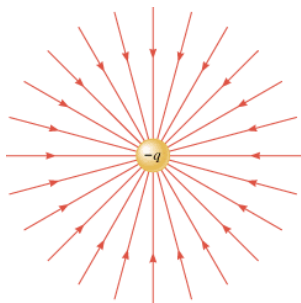
$$dq = \rho dV$$

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (10 points) Four charges are on the corners of a square as shown. Draw the free-body diagram (force diagram) for  $Q$ .

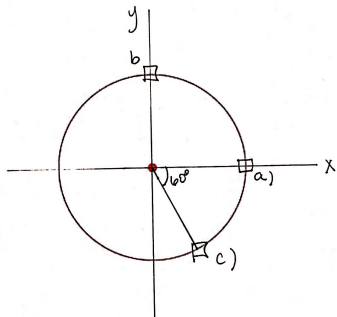


2. (5 points) Here's a diagram of the electric field for a negative point charge. Where is the field the strongest?



3. (15 points) Two charges are on the  $x$ -axis.  $q = 3\text{C}$  and is located at  $x = -4\text{m}$ .  $Q = 2\text{C}$  and is located at  $x = +2\text{m}$ . What is the force on  $q$ ?

4. (15 points) A point charge of  $q = 2\mu\text{C}$  is at the center of a circle of radius  $R = 3\text{cm}$ . For each of the points marked on the circle, find the electric field. You may leave your answer in components or magnitude and direction, whichever you prefer.



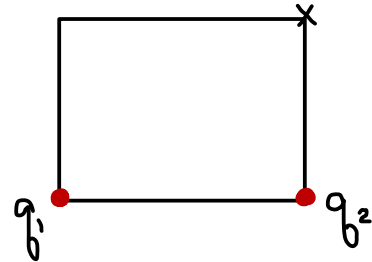
(a) What is  $\vec{E}$  at a)

(b) What is  $\vec{E}$  at b)

(c) What is  $\vec{E}$  at c)

5. (20 points) Two point charges are located on the bottom two corners of a  $6\text{cm} \times 8\text{cm}$  rectangle.  $q_1 = 2\mu\text{C}$  and  $q_2 = -1\mu\text{C}$ .

- (a) Find the electric field at the point marked with an "x".
- (b) If you put a charge  $Q = 4\mu\text{C}$  at the "x", what would the force on it be?



6. (20 points) A circular ring of radius  $R$  has a charge  $+q$  uniformly distributed along its left half, and  $-q$  distributed over the right half. Find the electric field at the center.

7. (15 points) A thin rod of length  $L$  has a *non-uniform* linear charge distribution,  $\lambda = cx$  where  $c$  is a positive constant and  $x$  is the distance along the rod from one end to the other. Find the total charge  $q$  on the rod (in terms of  $\lambda$ ,  $c$ , and  $L$ ).