

NAME: _____

Exam 1
Physics 3, Mar 1, 2019

Some direction:

No phones or other device that connects to the internet.

You may use a calculator, and I would prefer you to plug in numerical answers and keep three sig figs regardless of the correct number of sig figs in the problem.

Present clear and complete answers:

Explain your answers clearly but briefly. You want to aim for a level of solution that someone taking this class would be able to understand. A diagram and a few words may help.

Start calculations with first principles: things like definitions ($\vec{E} \equiv \frac{\vec{F}}{Q}$) or empirical laws (like Coulomb's Law or Newton's Laws) or conservation laws.

Check time:

The point values for each problem are shown next to the question number. Time yourself accordingly. The total value of the exam is 100 points. **Good luck!**

Some constants:

$$K = k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2 \approx 9 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C/N/m}^2$$

$$e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

Helpful Equations:

$$F = |\vec{F}| = k \frac{|qQ|}{r^2} \quad \vec{F} = k \frac{qQ}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

$$\vec{E} \equiv \frac{\vec{F}}{Q}$$

$$E = |\vec{E}| = k \frac{|q|}{r^2} \quad \vec{E} = k \frac{q}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

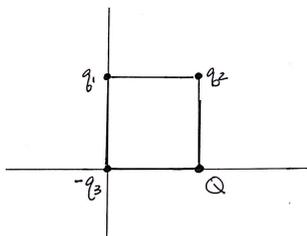
$$dq = \lambda dl$$

$$dq = \sigma da = \eta da$$

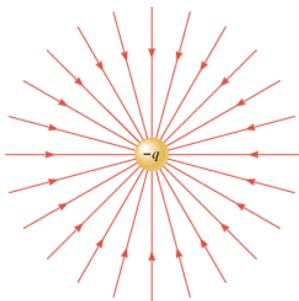
$$dq = \rho dV$$

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1. (10 points) Four charges are on the corners of a square as shown. Draw the free-body diagram (force diagram) for Q .

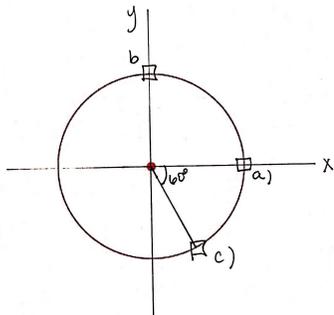


2. (5 points) Here's a diagram of the electric field for a negative point charge. Where is the field the strongest?



3. (15 points) Two charges are on the x -axis. $q = 3\text{C}$ and is located at $x = -4\text{m}$. $Q = 2\text{C}$ and is located at $x = +2\text{m}$. What is the force on q ?

4. (15 points) A point charge of $q = 2\mu\text{C}$ is at the center of a circle of radius $R = 3\text{cm}$. For each of the points marked on the circle, find the electric field. You may leave your answer in components or magnitude and direction, whichever you prefer.



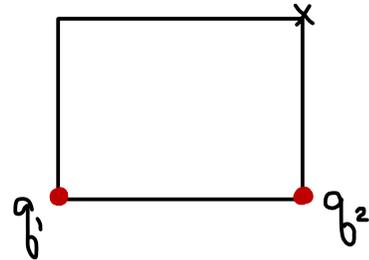
(a) What is \vec{E} at a ?

(b) What is \vec{E} at b ?

(c) What is \vec{E} at c ?

5. (20 points) Two point charges are located on the bottom two corners of a $6\text{cm} \times 8\text{cm}$ rectangle. $q_1 = 2\mu\text{C}$ and $q_2 = -1\mu\text{C}$.

- (a) Find the electric field at the point marked with an "x".
- (b) If you put a charge $Q = 4\mu\text{C}$ at the "x", what would the force on it be?



6. (20 points) A circular ring of radius R has a charge $+q$ uniformly distributed along its left half, and $-q$ distributed over the right half. Find the electric field at the center.

7. (15 points) A thin rod of length L has a *non-uniform* linear charge distribution, $\lambda = cx$ where c is a positive constant and x is the distance along the rod from one end to the other. Find the total charge q on the rod (in terms of λ , c , and L).