

ep 31)

data point	x	x ²
1	11	121
2	-2	4
3	6	36
4	1	1
5	3	9
6	-10	100
7	-4	16
8	1	1
9	-1	1
10	-5	25
total	0	314

Average:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{0}{10} = 0$$

$$\bar{x^2} = \frac{314}{10} = 31.4$$

ep 32) a)

$$\int_0^L x \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$u = x \\ du = dx$$

$$v = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{L}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right)$$

$$w = \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$

$$dv = \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$dw = \frac{n\pi}{L} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{Lx}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) - \int_0^L \left[\frac{x}{2} - \frac{L}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \right] dx \rightarrow z = \frac{2n\pi x}{L} \\ dx = \frac{L}{2n\pi} dz$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{Lx}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) - \left[\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{L^2}{8n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \right] \Big|_0^L$$

$$= \frac{L^2}{2} - \frac{L^2}{4} - \frac{L^2}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{L^2}{8n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi) + \frac{L^2}{8n^2\pi^2} \cos(0)$$

$$= \frac{L^2}{4} + \frac{L^2}{8n^2\pi^2} - \frac{L^2}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{L^2}{8n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi)$$

$$b) \int_0^L x^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} u = x^2 \\ du = 2x dx \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} v = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{L}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ dv = \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{Lx^2}{4n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \Big|_0^L - \int_0^L x^2 - \frac{Lx}{2n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{L^3}{2} - \frac{L^3}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) - \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^L + \frac{L}{2n\pi} \int_0^L x \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} u = x \\ du = dx \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} v = -\frac{L}{2n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ dv = \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{L^3}{2} - \frac{L^3}{3} - \frac{L^3}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) + \frac{L}{2n\pi} \left[\frac{-Lx}{2n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \Big|_0^L + \int_0^L \frac{L}{2n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{L^3}{6} - \frac{L^3}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{L^3}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi) + \frac{L^3}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{L}{2n\pi} \left[\frac{L}{2n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi x}{L}\right) \right]_0^L$$

$$= \frac{L^3}{6} + \frac{L^3}{4n^2\pi^2} - \frac{L^3}{4n\pi} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{L^3}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi) + \frac{L^3}{8n^3\pi^3} \sin(2n\pi)$$

$$c) \int_0^L \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} u = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \\ du = \frac{n\pi}{L} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{L}{n\pi} \int_{u_1}^{u_2} u du = \frac{L}{n\pi} \left[\frac{u^2}{2} \right]_{u_1}^{u_2} = \frac{L}{2n\pi} \left[\sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \right]_0^L = \frac{L}{2n\pi} \sin^2(n\pi)$$